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Contract for the sale and purchase of land 2022 edition

TERM	MEANING OF TERM	NSW DAN:		
vendor's agent	First National Engage Eastlakes 603 Pacific Highway, Belmont, NSW 2280	Phone: 4947 7877 Fax: 4947 7888 Ref: Danny Salter		
co-agent				
vendor				
vendor's solicitor	Coulter Property Conveyancing 8 John Darling Avenue, Belmont North NSW 2280	Phone: 0402 851 481 Email:nicole@coulterpropertyconveyan cing.com.au Ref: NC:221058		
date for completion land (address, plan details and title reference)	28th day after the contract date 1/28 Glover Street, Belmont, New South Wales 2280 Registered Plan: Lot 1 Plan SP 54146 Folio Identifier 1/SP54146			
		ng tenancies		
improvements	⋈ HOUSE⋈ garage□ carport⋈ home⋈□ other:	unit □ carspace □ storage space		
attached copies	☑ documents in the List of Documents as marked☐ other documents:	d or as numbered:		
A real estate agent is permitted by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the items in this box in a sale of residential property.				
inclusions	oximes air conditioning $oximes$ clothes line $oximes$ fixe	ed floor coverings ⊠ range hood		
		ect screens		
	_	nt fittings ⊠ stove		
		ol equipment 🗵 TV antenna		
	☑ other: auto garage door opener with 1 remote,	shelving and cupboards in garage		
exclusions				
purchaser				
purchaser's solicitor				
price deposit balance	(1	10% of the price, unless otherwise stated)		
contract date	(if no	t stated, the date this contract was made)		
Where there is more than				
	☐ tenants in common ☐ in u	nequal shares, specify:		
GST AMOUNT (optional) The price includes GST of: \$ buyer's agent				

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER		
Signed by	Signed by		
Vendor	Purchaser		
Vendor	Purchaser		
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)		
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:		
Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person		
Name of authorised person Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person Name of authorised person		
Office held Office held	Office held Office held		

Choices

Vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	\square NO	⊠ yes		
Nominated <i>Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN)</i> (clause 4)		EXA		
Manual transaction (clause 30)	⊠ NO	□ yes		
		•	e further details, including in the space below):	
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise this	is correct as	s far as each <i>par</i> i	ty is aware)	
Land tax is adjustable	⊠ NO	□ yes	•	
GST: Taxable supply	\bowtie NO	\square yes in full	$\ \square$ yes to an extent	
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	\square NO	\square yes		
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the				
✓ not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise				
□ by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to I□ GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going co	_		9-5(0))	
☐ GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or			under Subdivision 38-O	
☐ input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential p				
	•			
Purchaser must make an GSTRW payment	\square NO	• • • • •	vendor must provide	
(GST residential withholding payment)	the detaile he	details	•	
			completed at the contract these details in a separate	
no	tice at least 7	days before the	date for completion.	
GSTRW payment (GST residential	withholding	navment) – deta	ile	
Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a in a GST joint venture.	metimes furtl	her information wi	Il be required as to which	
Supplier's name:				
Supplier's ABN:				
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):				
Supplier's business address:				
Supplier's representative:				
Supplier's contact phone number:				
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment:				
If more than one supplier, provide the above detai	ls for each s	upplier.		
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the GSTRW	<i>rate</i> (resider	ntial withholding ra	ate):	
Amount must be paid: \square AT COMPLETION \square at another tin	ne (specify):			
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money? $\ \square$ NO $\ \square$ yes				
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-mor	netary conside	eration: \$		
Other details (including those required by regulation or the AT	O forms).			

List of Documents

General		Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract)		
 □ 1 □ 2 □ 3 □ 4 □ 5 ⋈ 6 □ 7 □ 8 ⋈ 9 □ 10 □ 11 □ 12 □ 13 □ 14 □ 15 □ 16 □ 17 □ 18 □ 19 □ 20 □ 21 □ 22 □ 23 □ 24 Home □ 25 □ 26 	property certificate for the land plan of the land unregistered plan of the land unregistered plan of the land plan of land to be subdivided document that is to be lodged with a relevant plan section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 additional information included in that certificate under section 10.7(5) sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram) sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram) document that created or may have created an easement, profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant disclosed in this contract planning agreement section 88G certificate (positive covenant) survey report building information certificate or building certificate given under legislation occupation certificate lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation) other document relevant to tenancies licence benefiting the land old system document Crown purchase statement of account building management statement form of requisitions clearance certificate land tax certificate Building Act 1989 insurance certificate brochure or warning	Strata or community title (clause 23 of the contract) 3 aproperty certificate for strata common property 3 4 plan creating strata common property 3 5 strata by-laws 3 6 strata development contract or statement 3 7 strata management statement 3 8 strata renewal proposal 3 9 strata renewal plan 4 0 leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property 4 1 property certificate for neighbourhood property 4 2 plan creating neighbourhood property 4 3 neighbourhood development contract 4 4 neighbourhood management statement 4 5 property certificate for precinct property 4 6 plan creating precinct property 4 7 precinct development contract 4 8 precinct management statement 4 9 property certificate for community property 5 0 plan creating community property 5 1 community development contract 5 2 community management statement 5 3 document disclosing a change of by-laws 5 4 document disclosing a change in a development or management contract or statement 5 5 document disclosing a change in boundaries 5 6 information certificate under Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 5 7 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 5 8 disclosure statement - off the plan contract Other 6 0		
□ 19 □ 20 □ 21 □ 22 □ 23 □ 24 Home □ 25 □ 26 □ 27 Swim □ 28 □ 29 □ 30 □ 31	old system document Crown purchase statement of account building management statement form of requisitions clearance certificate land tax certificate Building Act 1989 insurance certificate	 □ 57 information certificate under Community Land Management Act 2021 □ 58 disclosure statement - off the plan contract □ 59 other document relevant to the off the plan contract Other 		

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY SCHEME RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS

Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving:

APA Group NSW Department of Education

Australian Taxation Office NSW Fair Trading

Council Owner of adjoining land

County Council Privacy

Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory
Department of Primary Industries Subsidence Advisory NSW

Electricity and gas Telecommunications
Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW

Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority

If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.

- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

1 Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term)

1.1 In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean –

adjustment date the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion; adjustment figures details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;

authorised Subscriber a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as

being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;

bank the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a

bank, a building society or a credit union;

business day any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;

cheque a cheque that is not postdated or stale;

clearance certificate a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers

one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to

completion;

completion time conveyancing rules deposit-bond the time of day at which completion is to occur;

the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;

a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor -

the issuer;

• the expiry date (if any); and

• the amount;

depositholder vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's

solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);

discharging mortgagee any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose

provision of a *Digitally Signed* discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the *property* to

be transferred to the purchaser;

document of title

ECNL

document relevant to the title or the passing of title; the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);

electronic document a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and

Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;

electronic transaction a Conveyancing Transaction to be conducted for the parties by their legal

representatives as Subscribers using an ELN and in accordance with the ECNL

and the participation rules;

electronic transfer a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the property to be prepared

and Digitally Signed in the Electronic Workspace established for the purposes of

the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;

FRCGW percentage the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as

at 1 July 2017);

FRCGW remittance a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the

TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if

any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;

GST Act A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;

GST rate the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition

- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);

GSTRW payment a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA

Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);

GSTRW rate the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (as at

1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not); any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the

incoming mortgagee any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of

property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;

legislation an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;

manual transaction a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case

at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;

normally subject to any other provision of this contract;

participation rules the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;

party each of the vendor and the purchaser;

property the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions; planning agreement a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of \$7.4 of the Environmental

a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the *property*;

populate to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;

requisition an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim);

rescind rescind this contract from the beginning; serve serve in writing on the other party:

settlement cheque an unendorsed cheque made payable to the person to be paid and –

issued by a bank and drawn on itself; or

• if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's *solicitor*, some other *cheque*:

solicitor in relation to a party, the party's solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this

contract or in a notice served by the party;

TA Act Taxation Administration Act 1953; terminate terminate this contract for breach;

title data the details of the title to the property made available to the Electronic Workspace by

the Land Registry;

variation a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; within in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and

work order a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent

on or in relation to the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of

the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 Normally, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by -
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the depositholder,
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder*'s nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.

This right to *terminate* is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.

- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a deposit-bond for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement *deposit-bond* if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond*; and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as
 - 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser serves a replacement deposit-bond, the vendor must serve the earlier deposit-bond.
- 3.8 The amount of any deposit-bond does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 normally, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the deposit-bond; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is *terminated* by the purchaser
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this *Conveyancing Transaction* is to be conducted as a *manual transaction* 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that party's own costs;

incurred because this *Conveyancing Transaction* was to be conducted as an *electronic transaction*; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the participation rules and the ECNL; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
- 4.4 A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer.
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 populate the Electronic Workspace with a nominated completion time.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the *parties* must ensure that
 - 4.11.1 all *electronic documents* which a *party* must *Digitally Sign* to complete the *electronic transaction* are *populated* and *Digitally Signed*;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the ECNL are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all electronic documents Digitally Signed by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other electronic document forming part of the Lodgment Case for the electronic transaction are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the *property*.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things
 - 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date:
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case within a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by serving it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion —

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
 - 7.1.3 the purchaser does not serve notice waiving the claims within 14 days after that service; and
- 7.2 if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

- 8.1 The vendor can rescind if -
 - 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a *requisition*;
 - 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
 - 8.1.3 the purchaser does not serve a notice waiving the requisition within 14 days after that service.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract:
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the termination; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and
- 9.3 sue the purchaser either -
 - 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
 - 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion:
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant –
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the *property* under *legislation*; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

- 13 Goods and services tax (GST)
- Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the party must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if within 3 months of completion the purchaser serves a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the depositholder is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 Normally, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the property.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 *Normally*, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the *adjustment date* after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and -
 - 14.2.1 the purchaser must provide the vendor with *adjustment figures* at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion; and
 - 14.2.2 the vendor must confirm the *adjustment figures* at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion.
- 14.3 If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under *legislation*, the *parties* must on completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The *parties* must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the *adjustment date*
 - only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year -
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land;
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the *adjustment date*, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the *adjustment date*.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the *property* or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The *parties* must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a *party* can *serve* a notice to complete if that *party* is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

Vendor

- 16.1 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the *property* (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- 16.2 The legal title to the *property* does not pass before completion.
- 16.3 If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a *party serves* a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- 16.5 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor
 - 16.5.1 the price less any -
 - deposit paid;
 - FRCGW remittance payable;
 - GSTRW payment, and
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a *deposit-bond*, at least 1 *business day* before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the *depositholder* to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

17 Possession

- 17.1 *Normally*, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the *property* on completion.
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property;* or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor
 - 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
- 18.6 If this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated* the purchaser must immediately vacate the *property*.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a party can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a party can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a party consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party*'s *solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919:
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another party of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
 - 20.7.2 if the party pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable.
- 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each party's knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any party signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 Normally, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

• Definitions and modifications

- 23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).
- 23.2 In this contract -
 - 23.2.1 'change', in relation to a scheme, means
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
 - a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
 - 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
 - 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
 - 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind:
 - 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
 - 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
 - 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

• Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 - 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2 the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the *property* is subject to a tenancy on completion
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.
- 25.5 An abstract of title -
 - 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
 - 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
 - 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
 - 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any document of title that relates only to the property.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused -
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 within 30 days after the application is made, either party can rescind.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can *rescind*; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either party can serve notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A party can rescind under this clause only if the party has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind;
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can rescind:
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party* serves notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a *manual transaction*.

• Transfer

- 30.2 Normally, the purchaser must serve the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's solicitor's address stated in this contract.
- The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

• Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the GSTRW payment and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 serve evidence of receipt of payment of the FRCGW remittance.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - a clearance certificate in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - 32.3.1 the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - 32.3.2 the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract.

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

- Notwithstanding the provisions of clauses 6 and 7 hereof, the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purposes of clauses 7 and 8 hereof entitling the Vendor to rescind the Contract.
- The Purchaser warrants that the Purchaser was not introduced to the Vendor by a Real Estate Agent other than the Real Estate Agent, if any, disclosed on the front page of the Contract and the Purchaser agrees to indemnify the Vendor against any claim for commission, including the Vendor's costs of defending any such claim, which arises as a result of the Purchaser's breach of this warranty.

This warranty and indemnity will not merge on completion.

The Vendor warrants that he has not entered into a sole or exclusive agency agreement as at the date hereto with any agent other than the agent named on the front page of the Contract.

- The parties agree that 14 days shall be reasonable notice for the purpose of any notice served by either party, including a notice to complete, making time of the essence.
- The property together with improvements thereon is sold in its present state of repair and condition and the Purchaser acknowledges that he buys the property not relying upon any warranties or representations made to him by or on behalf of the Vendor not contained in this Contract. The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to carry out any repairs to the property, or to any furnishings and chattels, comply with a work order made after this date hereof nor effect any treatment for pest infestation.
- If completion does not take place on or before the completion date and the Vendor is not at fault then the Purchaser must pay interest on the purchase price at the rate of 10% per annum calculated daily from and including the completion date but excluding the actual day of completion and such interest must be paid on completion.

The Vendor is not obliged to complete unless the interest is paid.

Interest payable pursuant to this clause is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendor's loss as a result of the Purchaser's failure to complete in accordance with this Contract.

The right to interest does not limit any other rights the Vendor may have as a result of the Purchaser's failure to complete in accordance with this Contract.

- 6 If the Purchaser or Vendor or any one or more of them shall:
 - a) die;
 - b) become mentally incapacitated; or
 - c) assign his estate for the benefit of creditors, or being a company, go into liquidation;
 - prior to completion of this Contract then either party may by notice in writing to the other party's Licensed Conveyancer or Solicitor rescind this Contract whereupon the provisions of this Contract as to rescission shall apply.
- The Purchaser may rescind this Contract if the property is within a proclaimed mine subsidence district and the owner of the improvements on the land is not entitled, as at the date of this Contract, to claim compensation from the Mine Subsidence Board in respect of any damage to the land and/or improvements arising from mine subsidence, and written communication from the Mine Subsidence Board to that effect shall be conclusive for the purpose of this provision.
- 8 The Vendor discloses and the purchaser specifically acknowledges that the diagram annexed to the contract may only disclose the sewer main, and as at the date of this contract, this is the only diagram available for the property from Hunter Water Corporation.

The Purchaser accepts this diagram and shall make their own inquiries in relation to the services and the diagram. The Purchaser agrees to not call upon the vendor to supply an updated diagram nor make any objection, requisition or claim, delay completion, rescind or terminate the Contract in respect of any matter disclosed in or arising from this clause.





NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH _____

FOLIO: 1/SP54146

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE --------------

5 22/12/2008 8/12/2022 10:45 AM

LAND

LOT 1 IN STRATA PLAN 54146

AT BELMONT

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LAKE MACQUARIE

FIRST SCHEDULE

(T AE404894) MARGARET FLANAGAN

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP54146

SP54146 RESTRICTION(S) ON THE USE OF LAND

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH _____

FOLIO: CP/SP54146

SEARCH DATE TIME EDITION NO DATE -----_____ ____ 1 31/1/1997 8/12/2022 10:45 AM

LAND

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 54146 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT BELMONT

LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LAKE MACQUARIE PARISH OF KAHIBAH COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SHEET 1 SP54146

FIRST SCHEDULE

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 54146 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS:

28 GLOVER STREET BELMONT 2280

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

- LAND EXCLUDES MINERALS AND IS SUBJECT TO RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN FAVOUR OF THE CROWN - SEE CROWN GRANT(S)
- ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO BY-LAWS SET OUT IN SCHEDULE 2 STRATA SCHEMES MANAGEMENT REGULATION 2016

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 40)

STRATA PLAN 54146

LOT ENT LOT ENT LOT ENT LOT ENT 3 - 10 1 - 10 2 - 10 4 - 10

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016

As at 28 November 2018

Does not include amendments by:

Fair Trading Legislation Amendment (Reform) Act 2018 No 65 (not commenced — to commence on 1.7.2020 or earlier by proclamation)

Fair Trading Legislation Amendment (Miscellaneous) Act 2018 No 79 (not commenced — to commence on 1.7.2020 or earlier by proclamation)

Part 1 – Preliminary

1 Name of Regulation

This Regulation is the *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016*.

2 Commencement

- (1) Except as provided by subclause (2), this Regulation commences on 30 November 2016 and is required to be published on the NSW legislation website.
- (2) Part 8 commences on 1 January 2018.

3 Definitions

- (1) In this Regulation:
- "close of the ballot"—see clause 15 (8).
- "pre-meeting electronic voting" —see clause 14 (1).
- "the Act" means the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*. The Act and the *Interpretation Act 1987* contain definitions and other provisions that affect the interpretation and application of this Regulation.
- (2) Notes included in this Regulation (other than in a form set out in Schedule 1) do not form part of this Regulation.

Part 2 – Owners corporations and strata committees

4 Functions that may only be delegated to strata committee member or strata managing agent

For the purposes of section 13 (1) (h) of the Act, the following functions of an owners corporation are prescribed as functions that may be delegated to or conferred only on a member of the strata committee or a strata managing agent:

- (a) arranging for inspections for the purposes of fire safety in accordance with section 123 of the Act,
- (b) ensuring that the owners corporation complies with any relevant requirements under the Work Health and Safety Act 2011,

- (c) entering into contracts relating to the maintenance of common property or the provision of services to the common property (other than contracts relating to a parcel),
- (d) arranging for inspections of records and other documents under section 183 of the Act,
- (e) giving certificates under section 184 of the Act.

5 Agenda for first AGM

(1) For the purposes of section 15 (p) of the Act, the agenda for the first annual general meeting of an owners corporation is to include the following item, if a tenant representative has been nominated for the strata committee in accordance with section 33 of the Act:

to receive the nomination of a tenant representative for the strata committee (2) The agenda for the first annual general meeting of an owners corporation is also to include the following item, if the initial period of the strata scheme ends not later than 12 months after completion of building work for which a building inspector is required to be appointed under Part 11 of the Act:

to appoint a building inspector for the purposes of Part 11 of the Act 6 Documents and records to be provided to owners corporation before first AGM

For the purposes of section 16 (1) (f) of the Act, the following documents obtained or received by the original owner or lessor and relating to the parcel concerned, or any building, plant or equipment on the parcel, are prescribed:

- (a) if a building is required to be insured under Division 1 of Part 9 of the Act, any valuation of the building,
- (b) maintenance and service manuals,
- (c) all service agreements relating to the supply of gas, electricity or other utilities to the parcel,
- (d) copies of building contracts for the parcel, including any variations to those contracts,
- (e) the most recent BASIX certificate (issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*) for each building on the parcel.

7 Tenant representatives: section 33 of Act

- (1) A person who is entitled to convene an annual general meeting of an owners corporation that has tenants for at least half of the number of lots in the scheme must convene a meeting of eligible tenants for the purpose of the nomination of a person for the position of tenant representative on the strata committee.
- (2) The person must give notice of the meeting to each eligible tenant at least 14 days before the annual general meeting and the tenants meeting may be held at any time before the annual general meeting, but not earlier than 7 days after notice of the meeting is given.
- (3) Notice may be given in one of the following ways:
 - (a) by causing a copy of the notice to be prominently displayed on any notice board required to be maintained by or under the by-laws on some part of the common property,
 - (b) by written notice given to each eligible tenant.

- (4) The convenor of the meeting, or a tenant nominated by the eligible tenants present at the meeting, is to chair the tenants meeting.
- (5) An eligible tenant may nominate for, or nominate another eligible tenant for, nomination as the tenant representative at the meeting.
- (6) The tenant representative to be nominated by the eligible tenants for a strata scheme is to be determined by majority vote of tenants present at the meeting.
- (7) The quorum for the meeting is one person.
- (8) The term of a tenant representative commences at the end of the annual general meeting at which the nomination is received.
- (9) A person is an
- "**eligible tenant**" for the purposes of this Part if the tenant is a tenant notified in a tenancy notice given in accordance with the Act.

8 Vacation of office by tenant representative

- (1) A tenant representative ceases to be a tenant representative:
 - (a) if the person ceases to be an eligible tenant, or
 - (b) on receipt by the secretary of the owners corporation from the person of written notice of the person's resignation as the tenant representative, or
 - (c) at the end of the next meeting at which a new strata committee is elected by the owners corporation, or
 - (d) if the person dies.
- (2) If a tenant representative ceases to be a tenant representative before the next meeting at which a new strata committee is elected, the secretary of the owners corporation is to convene a meeting of eligible tenants for the purpose of the nomination of a person for the position of tenant representative on the strata committee.
- (3) The secretary must give at least 7 days notice of the meeting to each eligible tenant.
- (4) The secretary, a member of the strata committee or a tenant nominated by the eligible tenants at the meeting is to chair the tenants meeting.
- (5) Clause 7 (3), (5) and (6) apply to the nomination of a replacement tenant representative.
- (6) The term of a replacement tenant representative is for the remainder of the term of the representative that the person replaces.

9 Election of strata committee

- (1) At a meeting of an owners corporation at which the strata committee is to be elected, the chairperson must:
 - (a) announce the names of the candidates already nominated in writing for election to the strata committee, and
 - (b) call for any oral nominations of candidates eligible for election to the strata committee.
- (2) A written or oral nomination made for the purposes of the election is ineffective if it is made by a person other than the nominee unless it is supported by the consent of the nominee given:
 - (a) in writing, if the nominee is not present at the meeting, or
 - (b) orally, if the nominee is present at the meeting.

- (3) After the chairperson declares that nominations have closed, the owners corporation is to decide, in accordance with the Act, the number of members of the strata committee.
- (4) If the number of candidates:
 - (a) is the same as, or fewer than, the number of members of the strata committee decided on—those candidates are to be declared by the chairperson to be, and are taken to have been, elected as the strata committee, or
 - (b) is greater than the number so decided on—a ballot is to be held.

10 Ballot for strata committee

- (1) This clause applies to the election of a strata committee for a strata scheme comprising more than 2 lots.
- (2) If a ballot for membership of the strata committee of an owners corporation is required, the person presiding at the meeting of the owners corporation must:
 - (a) announce to the meeting the name of each candidate, and
 - (b) provide each person present and entitled to vote at the meeting with a blank ballot paper for each vote the person is entitled to cast.
- (3) For a vote to be valid, a ballot paper must be signed by the voter and completed by the voter's writing on it:
 - (a) the names of the candidates (without repeating a name) for whom the voter desires to vote, the number of names written being no more than the number determined by the owners corporation as the number of members of the strata committee, and
 - (b) the capacity in which the voter is exercising a right to vote, whether:
 - (i) as owner, first mortgagee or covenant chargee of a lot (identifying the lot), or
 - (ii) as a company nominee, or
 - (iii) by proxy, and
 - (c) if the vote is being cast by proxy—the name and capacity of the person who gave the proxy.
- (4) The completed ballot paper must be returned to the chairperson.
- (5) Until all places for membership of the strata committee have been filled, the chairperson is to declare elected successively each candidate who has a greater number of votes than all other candidates who have not been elected.
- (6) If only one place remains to be filled but there are 2 or more eligible candidates with an equal number of votes, the candidate to fill the place is to be decided by a show of hands of those present and entitled to vote.
- (7) Subclause (6) is subject to a resolution referred to in clause 14 (1) (a).

11 Nominations for officers of strata committee

- (1) The written notice of the first meeting of a strata committee after the appointment of the committee is to include a call for nominations for chairperson, secretary and treasurer of the committee.
- (2) Any person who is a member of the strata committee may nominate another member for election as any or all of chairperson, secretary or treasurer of the committee.

- (3) The nomination is to be made by written notice given to the person convening the meeting that states the name of:
 - (a) the person nominated, and
 - (b) the person making the nomination and that the person nominated consents to the nomination.
- (4) The person convening the meeting must include any prior nominations in the notice of the meeting at which the election is to take place. Notice of any subsequent nomination is to be given by the convenor at the meeting.
- (5) A nomination may be made at any time before the election is held and may be made at the meeting.
- (6) If a ballot for the election of a person as chairperson, secretary or treasurer of the committee is required, the election is to be conducted by a show of hands of persons at the meeting.
- (7) Subclause (6) is subject to a resolution referred to in clause 14 (1) (a).

12 Priority votes—owners corporation

For the purposes of clause 24 (2) (b) of Schedule 1 to the Act, a priority vote may be cast on a motion if the motion would require expenditure that exceeds an amount calculated by multiplying \$1,000 by the number of lots in the strata scheme.

13 Proxy votes—owners corporation

For the purposes of clause 26 (1) of Schedule 1 to the Act, an instrument appointing a proxy is to be in or to the effect of Form 1 in Schedule 1.

14 Other means of voting—owners corporation and strata committee

- (1) An owners corporation or strata committee may, by resolution, adopt any of the following means of voting on a matter to be determined by the corporation or committee:
 - (a) voting by means of teleconference, video-conferencing, email or other electronic means while participating in a meeting from a remote location,
 - (b) voting by means of email or other electronic means before the meeting at which the matter (not being an election) is to be determined by the corporation or committee (

"pre-meeting electronic voting").

- (2) Without limiting subclause (1) (b), the other electronic means of voting may include requiring voters to access a voting website and to vote in accordance with directions contained on that website.
- (3) If a matter may be determined partly by pre-meeting electronic voting, the notice of the meeting must include a statement that the relevant motion may be amended by a further motion given at the meeting after the pre-meeting electronic voting takes place and that consequently the pre-meeting vote may have no effect.
- (4) A motion that is to be determined wholly by pre-meeting electronic voting may not be amended at the meeting for which the pre-meeting electronic voting is conducted.
- (5) A motion that is to be determined partly by pre-meeting electronic voting must not be amended at the meeting for which the pre-meeting electronic voting is conducted if the effect of the amendment is to change the subject matter of the original motion.

(6) If a motion that is to be determined wholly or partly by pre-meeting electronic voting is amended at the meeting for which the pre-meeting electronic voting is conducted, the minutes of the meeting distributed to owners must be accompanied by notice of the change and a statement setting out the power to make a qualified request for a further meeting under section 19 of the Act.

15 Pre-meeting electronic voting

- (1) This clause applies to a ballot for determination of a matter by an owners corporation or strata committee that is to be conducted by pre-meeting electronic voting.
- (2) The secretary of the owners corporation must ensure that the form for the electronic ballot paper contains:
 - (a) instructions for completing the ballot paper, and
 - (b) the question to be determined, and
 - (c) the means of indicating the voter's choice on the question to be determined.
- (3) The secretary of the owners corporation must, at least 7 days before the meeting at which the matter is to be determined, give each person entitled to vote:
 - (a) access to an electronic ballot paper, or to a voting website or electronic application containing an electronic ballot paper, that complies with this clause, and
 - (b) access to information about:
 - (i) how the ballot paper must be completed, and
 - (ii) the closing date of the ballot, and
 - (iii) if voting is by email, the address where the ballot paper is to be returned, and
 - (iv) if voting is by other electronic means, the means of accessing the electronic voting system and how the completed electronic ballot paper is to be sent to the secretary, and
 - (c) access to an electronic form of declaration requiring the voter to state:
 - (i) his or her name, and
 - (ii) the capacity in which the person is entitled to vote, and
 - (iii) in the case of a matter that requires a special resolution, the voter's unit entitlement, and
 - (iv) if the vote is a proxy vote, the name and capacity of the person who gave the proxy.
- (4) Each person entitled to vote must vote in accordance with the instructions contained in the information.
- (5) If the ballot is a secret ballot, the secretary must ensure that:
 - (a) the identity of the voter cannot be ascertained from the form of the electronic ballot paper, and
 - (b) the declaration by the voter is dealt with so that it is not capable of being used to identify the voter.
- (6) An electronic ballot paper and the form of declaration must be sent to the secretary of the owners corporation no later than the close of the ballot.

- (7) The secretary of the owners corporation must ensure that all electronic ballot papers are stored securely until the counting of the votes begins.
- (8) In this clause, the

"close of the ballot" means:

- (a) for a matter to be determined by the owners corporation, the time that is 24 hours before the commencement of the meeting at which the matter is to be determined, or
- (b) for a matter to be determined by a strata committee, immediately before the commencement of the meeting at which the matter is to be determined.

16 Informal votes

- (1) A ballot paper of a voter who votes by means of pre-meeting electronic voting is informal if the voter has failed to record a vote in accordance with the information provided by the secretary.
- (2) If voting is carried out by pre-meeting electronic voting using a voting website or other electronic application, the website or application is to provide a warning message to a person casting an informal vote that the proposed vote is informal.

17 Ascertaining result of pre-meeting electronic voting

- (1) As soon as practicable after the close of a ballot conducted by pre-meeting electronic voting, the secretary of the owners corporation must:
 - (a) review all information and reports about the electronic ballot, and
 - (b) reject as informal any votes that do not comply with the requirements of this Regulation, and
 - (c) ascertain the result of the electronic ballot.
- (2) The secretary must, at the meeting to consider the matter for which the pre-meeting electronic voting was held, inform the persons present of the result of the ballot.

Part 3 – Financial management

18 Payment plans for unpaid contributions: section 85 (6) of Act

- (1) A payment plan for the payment of overdue contributions is to be in writing and is to contain the following:
 - (a) the name of the lot owner and the title details of the lot,
 - (b) the address for service of the lot owner,
 - (c) the amount of the overdue contributions,
 - (d) the amount of any interest payable for the overdue contributions and the way in which it is calculated,
 - (e) the schedule of payments for the amounts owing and the period for which the plan applies,
 - (f) the manner in which the payments are to be made,
 - (g) contact details for a member of the strata committee or a strata managing agent who is to be responsible for any matters arising in relation to the payment plan,
 - (h) a statement that a further plan may be agreed to by the owners corporation by resolution,

- (i) a statement that the existence of the payment plan does not limit any right of the owners corporation to take action to recover the amount of the unpaid contributions.
- (2) The strata committee must, at the request of a lot owner who has entered into a payment plan, give the lot owner a written statement for each calendar month (or any longer interval specified by the lot owner) of the plan that sets out the payments made during that month and the amount of unpaid contributions and interest owing.

19 Notice of recovery action for unpaid contributions, interest or expenses

For the purposes of section 86 (5) (c) of the Act, a notice of proposed action to recover an amount of contributions, interest or expenses must include the following:

- (a) the date the amount was due to be paid,
- (b) the manner in which the amount may be paid,
- (c) whether a payment plan may be entered into,
- (d) any other action that may be taken to arrange for payment of the amount.

20 Statement of key financial information

- (1) For the purposes of section 94 (1) of the Act, the statement of key financial information for an administrative fund or capital works fund must be in or to the effect of Form 2 in Schedule 1.
- (2) For the purposes of section 94 (2) of the Act, the statement of key financial information for any other fund must be in or to the effect of Form 3 in Schedule 1.

21 Calculation of annual budget

For the purposes of section 95 (4) of the Act, the amount of the annual budget is to be the sum of the following:

- (a) the amount of contributions levied for the year concerned (whether or not they have been paid),
- (b) any income of the owners corporation from any other source,
- (c) any other amounts held by the owners corporation for the purposes of the owners corporation.

22 Accounting records

The accounting records required to be kept for the purposes of section 96 (4) of the Act are as follows:

- (a) receipts consecutively numbered,
- (b) a statement of deposits and withdrawals for the account of the owners corporation,
- (c) a cash record,
- (d) a levy register.

23 Levy register

- (1) The levy register must include a separate section for each lot in the strata scheme that is not a utility lot.
- (2) Each of those sections must specify, by appropriate entries, the following matters in relation to each contribution levied by the owners corporation and must indicate whether those entries are debits or credits and the balances for those entries:

- (a) the date on which the contribution is due and payable,
- (b) the type of contribution and the period in respect of which it is to be made,
- (c) the amount of the contribution levied shown as a debit,
- (d) the amount of each payment shown as a credit,
- (e) the date on which each payment relating to the contribution was made,
- (f) whether a payment made was made in cash or by cheque or in some other specified manner,
- (g) whether an amount paid comprised full payment or part payment,
- (h) details of any discount given for early payment,
- (i) the balance of the account.

24 Receipts

For the purposes of section 97 (2) of the Act, each receipt issued by the treasurer of the owners corporation must include the following:

- (a) the date of issue of the receipt,
- (b) the amount of money received,
- (c) the form (cash, cheque, postal order or other) in which the money was received,
- (d) the name of the person on whose behalf the payment was made,
- (e) if the payment is for a contribution to the administrative or capital works fund:
 - (i) a statement that the payment was made in respect of that contribution, and
 - (ii) the lot number in respect of which the contribution was made, and
 - (iii) the period in respect of which the payment is made (if relevant), and
 - (iv) details of any discount given for early payment,
- (f) if the payment is not a payment referred to in paragraph (e)—particulars of the transaction in respect of which the payment is received,
- (g) if the payment is received in respect of more than one transaction—the manner in which the payment is apportioned between transactions.

25 Limits on spending by large strata schemes

For the purposes of section 102 (1) of the Act, the prescribed amount for a proposed expenditure is \$30,000.

26 Approval for legal services costs

- (1) The amount of \$15,000 is prescribed for the purposes of section 103 (2) (b) of the Act.
- (2) For the purposes of section 103 of the Act, approval is not required under that section to the obtaining of legal services in relation to a matter that is not urgent if the cost of the legal services does not exceed \$3,000.

Part 4 – Property management

27 Common property memorandum

The Common Property Memorandum, published in the Gazette and on the website of the Department of Finance, Services and Innovation on 30 November 2016 is prescribed for the purposes of section 107 (1) of the Act as the common property memorandum that may be adopted by the by-laws for a strata scheme.

The Common Property Memorandum cannot be modified by the adopting by-laws, except to exclude specified items that are not common property for the purposes of the particular strata scheme. Any common property by-law or a by-law made under section 108 of the Act prevails over the by-law adopting the Memorandum if it is inconsistent with the Memorandum (see section 107 (3) and (4) of the Act).

28 Minor renovations by owners

Work for the following purposes is prescribed as minor renovations for the purposes of section 110 (3) of the Act:

- (a) removing carpet or other soft floor coverings to expose underlying wooden or other hard floors,
- (b) installing a rainwater tank,
- (c) installing a clothesline,
- (d) installing a reverse cycle split system air conditioner,
- (e) installing double or triple glazed windows,
- (f) installing a heat pump,
- (g) installing ceiling insulation.

The work prescribed by this clause is subject to the requirements set out in section 110 (7) of the Act, including requirements that it does not involve structural changes, changes to the external appearance of a lot or waterproofing.

29 Initial maintenance schedule: section 115 of Act

- (1) The initial maintenance schedule for the maintenance of the common property of a strata scheme must contain maintenance and inspection schedules for a thing that is on common property if the maintenance and inspection is reasonably required to avoid damage to the thing or a failure to function properly for its intended purpose.
- (2) Without limiting the matters to be included in the initial maintenance schedule, maintenance and inspection schedules must be included for the following:
 - (a) exterior walls, guttering, downpipes and roof,
 - (b) pools and surrounds, including fencing and gates,
 - (c) air conditioning, heating and ventilation systems,
 - (d) fire protection equipment, including sprinkler systems, alarms and smoke detectors,
 - (e) security access systems,
 - (f) embedded networks and micro-grids.
- (3) The following are to be included with or attached to the initial maintenance schedule:
 - (a) all warranties for systems, equipment or any other things referred to in the schedule,
 - (b) any manuals or maintenance requirements provided by manufacturers for any of those things,
 - (c) the name and contact details of the manufacturer and installer of any of those things.
- (4) The schedule may be in hard copy or in an electronic form that is accessible by the owners corporation.

30 Window safety devices

- (1) A building in a strata scheme is a building to which section 118 of the Act applies if the building contains lots used for residential purposes.
- (2) A window within any such building is a window to which section 118 of the Act applies if:
 - (a) it is a window within the meaning of the Building Code of Australia, and
 - (b) it can be opened, and
 - (c) the lowest level of the window opening is less than 1.7 metres above the surface of any internal floor that abuts the wall of which it forms part, and
 - (d) that internal floor is 2 metres or more above the ground surface, or any external surface, below the window that abuts the wall, and
 - (e) it is a window on common property to which access can be gained from a residence in a strata scheme or a window on any part of the building that is part of a residence.
- (3) A screen, lock or any other device is a complying window safety device for the purposes of section 118 of the Act if it:
 - (a) is capable of restricting the opening of a window so that a sphere having a diameter of 125 millimetres or more cannot pass through the window opening, and
 - (b) is capable of resisting an outward horizontal action of 250 newtons, and
 - (c) has a child resistant release mechanism, in the case of a device that can be removed, overridden or unlocked.
- (4) In this clause:

"Building Code of Australia" has the same meaning as it has in the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*.

31 Notification by owners of window safety devices

An owner of a lot in a strata scheme who installs a window safety device under section 118 of the Act must give written notice of the installation to the owners corporation within 7 days after completion of the installation.

Section 262 of the Act sets out the manner in which a document is to be served on an owners corporation.

32 Disposal of abandoned goods: section 125 of Act

- (1) This clause applies to goods left on common property (other than motor vehicles and things permitted by the owners corporation to remain on common property).
- (2) The owners corporation may dispose of goods left on common property if:
 - (a) a disposal notice has been placed on or near the goods and the goods have not been removed from the common property within the period specified in the disposal notice, or
 - (b) they are perishable goods, or
 - (c) they consist only of rubbish.
- (3) A disposal notice must:

- (a) not be less than the size of an A4 piece of paper, and
- (b) be placed in a position or be in a material so that the contents of the notice are not likely to be detrimentally affected by weather, and
- (c) describe the goods and state the date and time the notice was issued, and
- (d) state that the goods will be disposed of if they are not removed from the common property before the date and time specified in the notice (being not earlier than 5 days after the notice was placed on or near the goods), and
- (e) specify contact details for a member of the strata committee, the strata managing agent or a delegate of the owners corporation in relation to the notice.
- (4) If the goods are so placed that they block an entrance or exit, the owners corporation may move the goods to another place on the common property before placing a disposal notice on or near the goods, and for that purpose the owners corporation is taken to be the owner of the goods.
- (5) The owners corporation may dispose of the goods by selling them or in any other lawful manner and for that purpose is taken to be the owner of the goods.
- (6) A purchaser of goods sold by an owners corporation in accordance with this clause acquires a good title to the goods freed and discharged of any interest of any person who would otherwise have an interest in the goods.
- (7) The proceeds of a sale of goods under this clause are to be paid to the administrative fund of the owners corporation.
- (8) The owners corporation must make a record of goods sold under this clause and keep the record for a period of not less than 12 months after the disposal.
- (9) The record must contain the following particulars:
 - (a) a description of the goods,
 - (b) the date of the sale,
 - (c) the name and address of the purchaser,
 - (d) if sold by auction, the address of the principal place of business of the auctioneer.
- (10) In this clause:

"motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in the *Impounding Act 1993*.

33 Tribunal may order payment of proceeds of disposal to owner

The Tribunal may, on application by the owner of goods sold by an owners corporation to another person under clause 32, order that the owners corporation pay to the owner of the goods the proceeds of the sale, less the reasonable costs incurred by the owners corporation in selling the goods.

34 Removal of motor vehicles: section 125 of Act

- (1) This clause applies to a motor vehicle left on common property that is placed so that it blocks an exit or entrance or otherwise obstructs the use of common property.
- (2) The owners corporation may take action under this clause if the owners corporation has placed a removal notice on or near the motor vehicle and the requirements of the notice are not complied with within the period specified in the removal notice.
- (3) A removal notice must:
 - (a) not be less than the size of an A4 piece of paper, and

- (b) be placed in a position or be in a material so that the contents of the notice are not likely to be detrimentally affected by weather, and
- (c) describe the motor vehicle and state the date and time the notice was issued, and
- (d) state that the motor vehicle will be removed if it is not moved from the common property or so that it no longer obstructs common property before the date and time specified in the notice (being not earlier than 5 days after the notice was placed on or near the motor vehicle), and
- (e) specify contact details for a member of the strata committee, the strata managing agent or a delegate of the owners corporation in relation to the notice.
- (4) The owners corporation may cause a motor vehicle to be moved to another place on common property or to the nearest place to which it may be lawfully moved, or moved so that it no longer blocks an exit or entrance or otherwise obstructs the use of common property, and for that purpose the owners corporation is taken to be the owner of the motor vehicle.
- (5) The Tribunal may, on application by the owners corporation, order that the owner of a motor vehicle moved to another place under this clause, pay to the owners corporation the reasonable costs incurred by the owners corporation in moving the motor vehicle.
- (6) In this clause:

"motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in the *Impounding Act 1993*.

Part 5 – By-laws

35 By-laws for schemes before Strata Schemes Management Act 1996

For the purposes of section 134 (3) of the Act, the by-laws for a strata scheme that was in existence before the commencement of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* are the by-laws set out in Schedule 2.

By virtue of section 134 (3) of the Act, the by-laws also include any amendments to the by-laws set out in Schedule 2, and any additional by-laws made for the scheme, as in force before the commencement of section 134 of the Act. The by-laws may also be amended in accordance with the Act.

36 Occupancy limits—exception

- (1) For the purposes of section 137 (3) (b) of the Act, a by-law that limits the number of adults who may reside in a lot has no effect if all of the adults who reside in the lot are related to each other.
- (2) For the purposes of this clause, a person is related to another person who resides in a lot if:
 - (a) the person is the parent, guardian, grandparent, son, daughter, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, niece, nephew or cousin of the other person, or
 - (b) the person is such a relative of the other person's spouse or de facto partner or former spouse or de facto partner, or
 - (c) the person is the spouse or de facto partner of the other person, or
 - (d) the person is the carer of, or is cared for by, the other person.

(3) For the purposes of this clause, a person who is an Aboriginal person or a Torres Strait Islander is also related to another person if the person is, or has been, part of the extended family or kin of the person according to the indigenous kinship system of the person's culture.

37 Model by-laws

For the purposes of section 138 of the Act, the by-laws set out in Schedule 3 are model by-laws that may be adopted, either in whole or in part, as the by-laws for a strata scheme.

Part 6 – Insurance

38 Approved insurers

- (1) A Lloyd's underwriter authorised to carry on insurance business, or exempted from authorisation, under the *Insurance Act 1973* of the Commonwealth is an approved insurer for the purposes of paragraph (b) of the definition of
- "approved insurer" in section 4 (1) of the Act.
- (2) In this clause:
- "Lloyd's underwriter" has the same meaning as in the *Insurance Act 1973* of the Commonwealth.

39 Manner of calculation of insurance limit under damage policy

- (1) For the purposes of section 161 (1) (a) of the Act, the minimum amount for which a building is to be insured is to be not less than the amount calculated in accordance with subclause (2).
- (2) For the purposes of section 161 (2) of the Act, the amount to which the liability of an insurer may be limited under a damage policy is to be calculated by adding together the following amounts:
 - (a) the estimated cost, as at the date of commencement of the damage policy, of:
 - (i) carrying out the work that a damage policy is required to provide for under section 161 of the Act, and
 - (ii) making the payments that a damage policy is required to provide for under section 161 of the Act,
 - (b) the estimated amount by which expenditure referred to in the preceding paragraphs may increase during the period of 24 months following the date of commencement of the damage policy.
- (3) The amounts referred to in subclause (2) (a) and (b) are to be calculated so as to include any applicable taxes, fees and charges (including taxes, fees and charges of the Commonwealth).

40 Insurance amount

For the purposes of section 164 (2) of the Act, the minimum insurance cover for the purposes of damage to property, death or bodily injury for which the owners corporation could become liable in damages is \$20,000,000.

Part 7 – Records and information about strata schemes

41 Electronic voting records

- (1) For the purposes of section 180 (1) (j) of the Act, records relating to electronic voting for motions for resolutions by an owners corporation must be retained by an owners corporation.
- (2) For the purposes of section 180 (2) of the Act, the period for which an owners corporation is required to retain voting papers under section 180 (1) (g) of the Act or records referred to in subclause (1) is 13 months, if the voting papers or records relate to secret ballots, unless the papers relate to the appointment of a strata renewal committee or other decisions in connection with Part 10 of the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*.

42 Inspection of records

For the purposes of section 182 (3) (k) of the Act, the owners corporation must make available for inspection the accounting records and other records relating to the strata scheme that are kept by the strata managing agent.

43 Strata information certificate

For the purposes of section 184 (6) of the Act, the strata information certificate must be in or to the effect of Form 4 in Schedule 1.

Part 8 – Building defects

44 Interpretation

Words and expressions used in this Part have the same meaning as they have in Part 11 of the Act.

45 Building inspectors

For the purposes of section 193 (2) of the Act, a person who is a member of a strata inspector panel established by any of the following bodies is qualified to be appointed as a building inspector:

- (a) the Housing Industry Association,
- (b) the Master Builders Association of New South Wales,
- (c) the Australian Institute of Building,
- (d) the Australian Institute of Building Surveyors,
- (e) the Australian Institute of Building Consultants,
- (f) the Institute of Building Consultants Inc,
- (g) Engineers Australia,
- (h) the Australian Institute of Architects,
- (i) the Association of Accredited Certifiers.

46 Disclosure of previous employment by developer

For the purposes of section 195 (2) of the Act, a building inspector must disclose previous employment by the developer or a contractor of the developer that occurred at any time within the period of 2 years before appointment as a building inspector.

47 Interim reports: section 199 (2) of Act

An interim report by a building inspector must be in the form approved by the Secretary and contain the matters specified in the form.

48 Final report: section 201 (2) of Act

A final report by a building inspector must be in the form approved by the Secretary and contain the matters specified in the form.

49 Notice to owners of reports: section 202 (3) of Act

A notice to owners of the receipt of an interim or final report by a building inspector must contain the following particulars:

- (a) whether the report is an interim or final report,
- (b) how to obtain an electronic copy of the report.

50 Contract price for determining building bond

- (1) For the purposes of the definition of
- "contract price" in section 189 of the Act, the contract price for building work is the total price paid under all the applicable contracts for the building work as at the date of issue of the occupation certificate. Under section 211 (3) of the Act, the Tribunal may make an order determining the contract price of building work for the purposes of determining the amount of a building bond.
- (2) However, the contract price for building work is to be the price set out in a cost report prepared by a quantity surveyor who is a member of the Australian Institute of Quantity Surveyors or the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, and is not connected to the developer or the builder, if:
 - (a) there is no written contract for the building work, or
 - (b) the parties to the building contract are connected persons.
- (3) A cost report prepared by a quantity surveyor for the purposes of this clause must include the costs of the following and be accompanied by a certificate by the quantity surveyor that he or she has inspected the as-built drawings and specifications for the strata plan to which the report relates:
 - (a) construction and fit out costs, not including appliance and PC items,
 - (b) demolition and site preparation,
 - (c) excavation,
 - (d) car parking,
 - (e) costs for the common property that is included in the property plan, including landscaping, pools, fencing and gates,
 - (f) professional fees,
 - (g) taxes applied in the calculation of the as-built construction.

51 Maturity dates for building bonds

A building bond must be able to be claimed or realised for a period of not less than 2 years and not more than 3 years after the date of the occupation certificate for the building work to which it applies.

52 Additional documents to be lodged with building bond

A developer must, when giving a building bond to the Secretary, also give the Secretary the following documents and information, in the manner approved by the Secretary:

- (a) a lodgment form in the form approved by the Secretary,
- (b) the strata plan number of the strata scheme concerned,
- (c) the street address of any building to which the bond relates,
- (d) the name and address of the principal certifying authority for any building work to which the bond relates,
- (e) an address for service for the developer,
- (f) an address for service for the owners corporation for the strata scheme,
- (g) a copy of any documents relevant to the determination of the contract price used to calculate the amount of the building bond,
- (h) a copy of the contract or contracts for the building work between the developer and the builder,
- (i) a copy of specifications for the building work, and any variations,
- (j) a copy of any written warranties relating to the building work,
- (k) a copy of any schedule of non-conforming works relating to the building work,
- (l) a copy of all "issued for construction" and "as-built" drawings and specifications relating to the building work,
- (m) a copy of any schedule of approved samples relating to the building work,
- (n) a copy of any development consent or other consents, approvals or certificates issued under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* and relating to the building work.
- (o) a copy of any alternative solutions and fire engineering reports, and the applicable assessment and approval by the principal certifying authority, relating to the building work.
- (p) a copy of any design certificates relating to the building work,
- (q) a copy of *Building Code of Australia* compliance certificates by each subcontractor for any part of the building work carried out by the subcontractor,
- (r) a copy of any inspection report obtained by the developer or builder relating to the building work.

53 Application to pay building bond to owners corporation

For the purposes of section 209 (2) of the Act, an application to pay a building bond to the owners corporation must be made not later than 14 days before the last day on which the building bond must be claimed or realised under that section.

54 Use of building bond to meet costs of inspections or report

For the purposes of section 210 of the Act, an amount secured by a building bond may be used to meet the costs of an inspection or a report under Division 2 of Part 11 of the Act, including any fee for the appointment of a building inspector by the Secretary, if:

- (a) the developer of the strata scheme is bankrupt or insolvent and the costs or any fee have not been paid, or
- (b) the developer of the strata scheme is dead or cannot be found or failed to comply with any requirement to appoint a building inspector.

55 Payment of building bond

- (1) The Secretary must not pay the whole or part of an amount secured by a building bond unless the Secretary has given at least 14 days written notice to the owners corporation, the developer of the strata scheme and the builder of the proposed payment.
- (2) If an application to review a decision to pay the whole or part of an amount secured by a building bond is made in accordance with clause 56, the amount is not to be paid until the application for the review is determined or withdrawn.

56 Review of decisions

- (1) For the purposes of section 213 of the Act, the following decisions of the Secretary are reviewable decisions:
 - (a) a decision to appoint a building inspector to carry out a final report under section 200 of the Act.
 - (b) a determination under section 200 of the Act that a developer is not required to arrange for a final report,
 - (c) a decision under section 212 of the Act to vary the period within which an interim report or final report is to be provided, or other action is to be done, under Part 11 of the Act.
 - (d) a decision that the whole or part of a building bond may be claimed or realised for payment to an owners corporation, developer or other person.
- (2) Despite subclause (1), a decision by the Secretary to claim or realise a building bond for payment is not reviewable if the amount has been paid in accordance with the decision.
- (3) An application for a review of a reviewable decision must be made not later than 14 days after notice of the decision is given by the Secretary to the interested person or, if the interested person is the owner of a lot, to the owners corporation and must:
 - (a) be in writing and signed by the applicant, and
 - (b) specify the decision for which a review is sought and the grounds on which the review is sought, and
 - (c) specify any additional information that is provided by the applicant for the purposes of the review and indicate why the information was not previously provided, and
 - (d) provide an address for giving notice to the applicant of the decision by the Secretary on the review.
- (4) For the purposes of section 213 (2) (d) of the Act, a builder who carried out building work to which a reviewable decision relates, or a builder who is responsible for defective building work to which a reviewable decision relates, is an interested person in relation to the reviewable decision.

Part 9 – Alternative dispute resolution

57 Application of Part

This Part applies to a mediation conducted under section 218 of the Act.

58 Directions of Secretary

Subject to the Act and this Regulation, the Secretary may give written directions for regulating and prescribing the practice and procedure to be followed in connection with a mediation session, including the preparation and service of documents.

59 Attendance and representation

- (1) A mediation session must be attended by each party or a representative of the party if all other parties consent to the representation.
- (2) Other persons may attend a mediation session with the leave of the mediator.

60 Costs

The parties to a mediation are to pay their own costs associated with the mediation.

61 Termination

- (1) A mediator may terminate a mediation at any time.
- (2) A party may terminate a mediation at any time by giving notice of the termination to the mediator and each other party.

Part 10 – Miscellaneous

62 Connected persons

- (1) For the purposes of section 7 (1) (f) of the Act, a person that is a corporation (the **''principal person''**) is connected with another person if the other person:
 - (a) is a related body corporate or an associated entity (within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001* of the Commonwealth) of the principal person, or
 - (b) holds an executive position (within the meaning of section 7 of the Act) in a related body corporate or an associated entity of the principal person, or
 - (c) holds or will hold any relevant financial interest in the principal person, or is or will be entitled to exercise any relevant power (whether in the person's own right or on behalf of any other person) in the business of the principal person, and by virtue of that interest or power is or will be able to exercise a significant influence over or with respect to the management or operation of the principal person.
- (2) In this clause:

"relevant financial interest", in relation to a principal person, means:

- (a) any shares in the capital of the principal person, or
- (b) any entitlement to receive any income derived from a business carried on by the principal person, or to receive any other financial benefit or financial advantage from the carrying on of the business, whether the entitlement arises at law or in equity or otherwise.
- "relevant power" means any power, whether exercisable by voting or otherwise and whether exercisable alone or in association with others:
 - (a) to participate in any directorial, managerial or executive position in the principal person, or
 - (b) to elect or appoint any person to any such position.

63 Limit for gifts to strata managing agents

For the purposes of section 57 (3) (d) of the Act, the amount prescribed is \$60.

64 Fees

The fees payable under the Act are set out in Schedule 4.

65 Penalty notice offences and penalties

- (1) For the purposes of section 250 of the Act:
 - (a) each offence created by a provision specified in Column 1 of Schedule 5 is an offence for which a penalty notice may be served, and
 - (b) the penalty prescribed for each such offence is the amount specified opposite the provision in Column 2 of the Schedule.
- (2) If the reference to a provision in Column 1 of Schedule 5 is qualified by words that restrict its operation to specified kinds of offences, an offence created by the provision is a prescribed offence only if it is an offence of a kind so specified or committed in the circumstances so specified.

66 Seals of owners corporations—savings provision

The seal of an owners corporation in existence before the commencement of this clause may continue to be used as its seal for the purposes of the Act or for any other purpose, unless replaced by the owners corporation.

67 Amendment of Act: clause 1 (5) of Schedule 3 to Act

Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions Omit clause 8 (1) and (2). Insert instead:

(1) A person who held office as an Adjudicator under the former Act immediately before the commencement of this clause ceases to hold the office on a day appointed by the Secretary, being a day not earlier than the determination or finalisation of all proceedings referred to in clause 7.

68 Amendment of Act: clause 1 (5) of Schedule 3 to Act

Schedule 3 Savings, transitional and other provisions Omit clause 14 (1). Insert instead:

- (1) The term of appointment of a strata managing agent appointed or reappointed before the commencement of section 50 (1) of this Act, that is in force on that commencement, ends on the following day:
 - (a) if the agent was appointed or reappointed for a term (including any roll over or extension period) of 3 years or more, on the day that is 3 years after the term commenced or that is 6 months after the commencement of section 50 (1) of this Act, whichever is the later,
 - (b) if the agent was appointed or reappointed for a term (including any roll over or extension period) of less than 3 years, on the day that the term ends or that is 6 months after the commencement of section 50 (1) of this Act, whichever is the later.

Schedule 1 Forms

(Clauses 13, 20 and 43) Form 1 – Proxy appointment **Proxy appointment** Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 Date I/We the owners of lot in Strata Plan No appoint of as my/our proxy for the purposes of meetings of the owners corporation (including adjournments of meetings). I/ We appoint of as my/our proxy for the purposes of meetings of the owners corporation (including adjournments of meetings) if already holds the maximum number of proxies that may be accepted. Period or number of meetings for which appointment of proxy has effect for *1 meeting/*meetings/*1 month/*months/*12 months or 2 consecutive annual general meetings. *Tick or tick and complete whichever applies (Note. The appointment cannot have effect for more than 12 months or 2 consecutive annual general meetings, whichever is the greater.)

*1 This form authorises the proxy to vote on my/our behalf on all matters.

- *2 This form authorises the proxy to vote on my/our behalf on the following matters only: [Specify the matters and any limitations on the manner in which you want the proxy to vote.]
- *Delete paragraph 1 or 2, whichever does not apply.
- *3 If a vote is taken on whether (the strata managing agent) should be appointed or remain in office or whether another managing agent is to be appointed, I/we want the proxy to vote as follows:
- *Delete paragraph 3 if proxy is not authorised to vote on this matter. For examples, read note 1 below.
- *4 I understand that, if the proxy already holds more than the permitted number of proxies, the proxy will not be permitted to vote on my/our behalf on any matters.

Signature of owner/s

1

This form is ineffective unless it contains the date on which it was made and it is given to the secretary of the owners corporation at least 24 hours before the first meeting in relation to which it is to operate (in the case of a large strata scheme) or at or before the first meeting in relation to which it is to operate (in any other case).

2

This form will be revoked by a later proxy appointment form delivered to the secretary of the owners corporation in the manner described in the preceding paragraph.

3

This form is current from the day on which it is signed until the end of the period (if any) specified on the form or the first anniversary of that day or at the end of the second annual general meeting held after that day (whichever occurs first).

4

If a person holds more than the total number of proxies permissible, the person cannot vote using any additional proxies. The total number of proxies that may be held by a person (other than proxies held by the person as the co-owner of a lot) voting on a resolution are as follows:

- (a) if the strata scheme has 20 lots or less, one,
- (b) if the strata scheme has more than 20 lots, a number that is equal to not more than 5% of the total number of lots.

5

A provision of a contract for the sale of a lot in a strata scheme, or of any ancillary or related contract or arrangement, is void and unenforceable to the extent that it:

- (a) requires the purchaser of a lot, or any other person, to cast a vote at a meeting of the owners corporation at the direction of another person, or
- (b) requires the purchaser to give a proxy at the direction of another person for the purpose of voting at a meeting of the owners corporation (that is a person cannot rely on any such proxy to cast a vote as a proxy).

1

A duly appointed proxy:

- (a) may vote on a show of hands (or by any other means approved by a general resolution at a meeting of the owners corporation), subject to any limitation in this form, or may demand a poll, and
- (b) may vote in the person's own right if entitled to vote otherwise than as a proxy, and
- (c) if appointed as a proxy for more than one person, may vote separately as a proxy in each case.

2

A proxy is not authorised to vote on a matter:

- (a) if the person who appointed the proxy is present at the relevant meeting and personally votes on the matter, or
- (b) so as to confer a pecuniary or other material benefit on the proxy, if the proxy is a strata managing agent, building manager or on-site residential property manager, or
- (c) if the right to vote on any such matter is limited by this form.

Form 2 - Statement of key financial information—capital works fund and administrative fund

Statement of key financial information—capital works fund and administrative fund

Strata Schemes Management Act 2015

Name	of	fund:

Reporting period:

Balance carried forward from previous reporting period:
Total income received during reporting period:
Total interest earned by fund during reporting period:
Total contributions paid during reporting period:
Total unpaid contributions payable for reporting period:
Total expenditure for maintenance during reporting period:
Total expenditure for administration costs during reporting period:
Balance of fund at end of reporting period:
List of principal items of expenditure proposed for next reporting period: Form 3 – Statement of key financial information—other funds
Statement of key financial information—other funds
Strata Schemes Management Act 2015
Name of fund:
Reporting period:
Balance carried forward from previous reporting period:
Total income received during reporting period:

Total interest earned by fund during reporting period:

Balance of fund at end of reporting period:

Form 4 – Certificate under section 184 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015

Date of certificate

Strata scheme in respect of

Strata Plan No

which certificate issued

Lot in respect of which certificate issued

Lot No

Strata Plan No

Person requesting certificate Name:

[owner/mortgagee/covenan

t chargee/authorised person] Address:

If authorised person, authorised by: Name:

[owner/mortgagee/covenan

t chargee] Address:

The owners corporation certifies the following with respect to the lot the subject of this certificate:

1 Has a strata renewal committee been established? Yes/No

Brief statement if one has been established:

2 Administrative fund—contributions payable by regular periodic instalments or lump sum (section 73 (1) of the Act)

Total amount last

Amount

Periodto

determined

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
	to	

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

3 Capital works fund—contributions payable by periodic instalments or lump sum (section 74 (1) of the Act)

Total amount last determined

Amount

Periodto

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which each instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
	to	

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

4 Amounts payable for additional amenities or services (section 117 of the Act)

Section 117 of the Act provides that an owners corporation may enter into an agreement to provide amenities or services to particular lots. These lots are responsible for payment for amenities and services so provided.

Total amount last determined owed by these lots

Amount

Period

to

If this certificate is requested by the owner of any of those lots, the following applies to the lot/s owned:

Number of instalments payable (if payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount Period

Date due

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

5 Special contributions to the administrative or capital works or other fund (section 81 (4) of the Act)

Amount of any levy payable under section 81 (4) of the Act

Date on which determination made under section 81 (4) of the Act

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment and date due

Amount Date due

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

Brief statement as to the purpose for which the contribution was required:

6 Money unpaid under by-law conferring a right or a privilege (Division 3 of Part 7 of the Act)

Amount payable under a common property rights by-law

Date when amount due

Period to which amount relates

to

7 Proposals for funding matters set out in the 10 year capital works plan

8 Contributions towards costs of legal proceedings

Amount of any levy payable under section 90 of the Act

Date on which order made under section 90 of the Act

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment and date due

Amount

Date due

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

Brief statement as to the purpose for which the contribution was required:

9 Amount recoverable in relation to work carried out by owners corporation

Amount (if any) recoverable under section 120 of the Act

10 Rate of interest payable on contributions

Rate of interest payable under section 85 % of the Act on contributions

Amount of interest payable in relation to \$ outstanding contributions

11 Amount of unpaid contributions and pecuniary penalties

Amount of any unpaid monetary penalty that is payable under section 147 of the Act or any other monetary penalty

Amount of any contribution recoverable as a debt under section 86 of the Act

11A Particulars of outstanding orders

Particulars of any outstanding building product rectification orders under the *Building Products* (*Safety*) *Act 2017*.

12 Particulars on strata roll for lot to which certificate relates

Name of owner Name

Address for service of notices on owner

Address

Name and address for service of notices on each mortgagee, covenant chargee or other person who has given notice to the owners corporation under

section 22 of the Act

Name

Address

Capacity

13 Strata managing agent and building manager

Name of strata managing Name agent (if any) appointed under section 49 of the Act

Address

Name of building manager (if any) appointed under section 67 of the Act

Name

Address

14 Members of strata committee

Name and address of each member of the strata committee:

	Name	Address
Member 1		
Member 2		
Member 3		
Member 4		
Member 5		
Member 6		
Member 7		
Member 8		
Member 9		
Office bearers: Chairperson		
Secretary		
Treasurer		

15 By-laws

Particulars of any by-laws made by the owners corporation within the 6-month period before the date of this certificate that have not been lodged at the office of the Registrar-General as at that date:

16 Insurance policies

Particulars of all insurance policies that have the owners corporation as the insured or as a beneficiary:

Type of policy	Name of insurer	Policy number	Sum insured	Date due	Date when last premium paid	Amount of last premium
	ach insuranc each policy		;			
		Addre	ess			
Items 17 an	nd 18 must l	oe completed	l if the strata	a scheme is al	so part of a	community schem
Name of co	ommunity as	ssociation (if	any):			
Communit strata sche		r(s) for preci	nct or			
Address fo	or service of	notices:				
Name of p	recinct assoc	ciation (if any	y):			
Precinct lo	t number(s)	for strata sch	eme			
Address fo	or service of	notices:				
17 Contribution		ble to admin	istrative fur	nd of commur	nity associati	on or precinct
Total amore determined respect to the comprising strata scheme	d with the lots g the	Amount	Per	iodto		

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
	to	

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

18 Contributions payable to sinking fund of community association or precinct association

Total amount last determined with respect to the lots comprising the strata scheme Amount

Periodto

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount	Period	Date due
	to	

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

Item 19 must be completed if the strata scheme is a member of a building management committee

Name of building management committee:

Address for service of notices:

19 Contributions payable to the building management committee

Total amount last Amount determined with respect to the lots comprising the strata scheme

Periodto

Number of instalments payable (if contribution payable by instalments)

Amount of each instalment, period to which instalment relates and date due

Amount Period Date due

to

to

to

to

Amount (if any) outstanding

Amount (if any) in credit

Discount (if any) applicable for early payment

Brief statement as to the reason for any amount outstanding or in credit:

Certificate under section 184 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015

Item 20 must be completed if the strata scheme is required to pay to any other person or body any amount not connected to the maintenance or insurance of the common property

20 Amount payable to any other person or body

body		
	Brief statement as to the purpose of the payment:	
If next payment known:	Amount	Date Due
Amount (if any) outstanding		
Amount (if any) in credit		

The common seal of the Owners Corporation—Strata Plan No

Was hereunto affixed on theday of 20

in the presence of

and

being the person(s) authorised by section 273 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015* to attest the affixing of the seal.

Section 185 of the Act provides:

185 Strata information certificate is evidence of matters stated in it

A strata information certificate is conclusive evidence, as at the date of the certificate, of the matters stated in it in favour of a person (whether or not the applicant for the certificate or a person referred to in the certificate) taking for valuable consideration:

- (a) an estate or interest in a lot in a freehold strata scheme to which the certificate relates, or
- (b) an estate or interest in a lease of a lot in a leasehold strata scheme to which the certificate relates.

Schedule 2 By-laws for pre-1996 strata schemes

(Clause 35)

1 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot must not create any noise on the parcel likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 12 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 13 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

2 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property except with the written approval of the owners corporation.

This by-law was previously by-law 13 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 14 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

3 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person.

This by-law was previously by-law 14 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 15 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

4 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property. This by-law was previously by-law 15 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973* and by-law 16 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes (Leasehold Development) Act 1986*.

5 Damage to common property

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not mark, paint, drive nails or screws or the like into, or otherwise damage or deface, any structure that forms part of the common property without the approval in writing of the owners corporation. This by-law is subject to sections 109 and 110 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*.
- (2) An approval given by the owners corporation under clause (1) cannot authorise any additions to the common property.
- (3) This by-law does not prevent an owner or person authorised by an owner from installing:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (4) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (5) Despite section 106 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the owner of a lot must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (3) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

This by-law was previously by-law 16 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 17 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

6 Behaviour of owners and occupiers

An owner or occupier of a lot when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 17 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 18 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

7 Children playing on common property in building

An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child of whom the owner or occupier has control to play on common property within the building or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on common property comprising a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

This by-law was previously by-law 18 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Freehold Development*) *Act 1973* and by-law 19 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Leasehold Development*) *Act 1986*.

8 Behaviour of invitees

An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 19 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 20 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

9 Depositing rubbish and other material on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using the common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 20 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Freehold Development*) *Act 1973* and by-law 21 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Leasehold Development*) *Act 1986*.

10 Drying of laundry items

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the consent in writing of the owners corporation, hang any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the parcel in such a way as to be visible from outside the building other than on any lines provided by the owners corporation for the purpose and there only for a reasonable period.

This by-law was previously by-law 21 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 22 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

11 Cleaning windows and doors

An owner or occupier of a lot must keep clean all glass in windows and all doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 22 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 23 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

12 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the approval in writing of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

This by-law was previously by-law 23 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 24 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

13 Moving furniture and other objects on or through common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not transport any furniture or large object through or on common property within the building unless sufficient notice has first been given to the strata committee so as to enable the strata committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the owner or occupier does so.

This by-law was previously by-law 24 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 25 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

14 Floor coverings

- (1) An owner of a lot must ensure that all floor space within the lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to floor space comprising a kitchen, laundry, lavatory or bathroom.

This by-law was previously by-law 25 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 26 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

15 Garbage disposal

An owner or occupier of a lot:

- (a) must maintain within the lot, or on such part of the common property as may be authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and adequately covered a receptacle for garbage, and
- (b) must ensure that before refuse is placed in the receptacle it is securely wrapped or, in the case of tins or other containers, completely drained, and
- (c) for the purpose of having the garbage collected, must place the receptacle within an area designated for that purpose by the owners corporation and at a time not more than 12 hours before the time at which garbage is normally collected, and
- (d) when the garbage has been collected, must promptly return the receptacle to the lot or other area referred to in paragraph (a), and
- (e) must not place any thing in the receptacle of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier, and
- (f) must promptly remove any thing which the owner, occupier or garbage collector may have spilled from the receptacle and must take such action as may be necessary to clean the area within which that thing was spilled.

This by-law was previously by-law 26 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Freehold Development*) *Act 1973* and by-law 27 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (*Leasehold Development*) *Act 1986*.

16 Keeping of animals

(1) Subject to section 157 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, an owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the approval in writing of the owners corporation, keep any animal on the lot or the common property.

(2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 27 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 28 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

17 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the written consent of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any washing, towel, bedding, clothing or other article as referred to in by-law 10.

This by-law was previously by-law 29 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 30 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

18 Notice board

An owners corporation must cause a notice board to be affixed to some part of the common property.

This by-law was previously by-law 3 in Schedule 1 to the *Strata Schemes* (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and by-law 3 in Schedule 3 to the *Strata Schemes* (Leasehold Development) Act 1986.

19 Change in use of lot to be notified

An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes).

Schedule 3 Model by-laws for residential strata schemes

(Clause 37)

These by-laws do not apply to a strata scheme unless they are adopted by the owners corporation for the strata scheme or lodged with the strata plan.

1 Vehicles

An owner or occupier of a lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common property, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common property, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation or as permitted by a sign authorised by the owners corporation.

2 Changes to common property

- (1) An owner or person authorised by an owner may install, without the consent of the owners corporation:
 - (a) any locking or other safety device for protection of the owner's lot against intruders or to improve safety within the owner's lot, or
 - (b) any screen or other device to prevent entry of animals or insects on the lot, or
 - (c) any structure or device to prevent harm to children.
- (2) Any such locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure must be installed in a competent and proper manner and must have an appearance, after it has been installed, in keeping with the appearance of the rest of the building.
- (3) Clause (1) does not apply to the installation of any thing that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the lot or to reduce the level of safety in the lots or common property.
- (4) The owner of a lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot, and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the common property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in clause (1) that forms part of the common property and that services the lot.

3 Damage to lawns and plants on common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on common property, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common property.

4 Obstruction of common property

An owner or occupier of a lot must not obstruct lawful use of common property by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

5 Keeping of animals

Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot, if the owner or occupier gives the owners corporation written notice that it is being kept on the lot.
- (2) The notice must be given not later than 14 days after the animal commences to be kept on the lot.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and

(c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.

Option B

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may keep an animal on the lot or the common property with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) The owners corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a lot or the common property and must give an owner or occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.
- (3) If an owner or occupier of a lot keeps an animal on the lot, the owner or occupier must:
 - (a) keep the animal within the lot, and
 - (b) supervise the animal when it is on the common property, and
 - (c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the lot or the common property that are soiled by the animal.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot who keeps an assistance animal on the lot must, if required to do so by the owners corporation, provide evidence to the owners corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992* of the Commonwealth.

6 Noise

An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, must not create any noise on a lot or the common property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or of any person lawfully using common property.

7 Behaviour of owners, occupiers and invitees

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, or any invitee of an owner or occupier of a lot, when on common property must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees of the owner or occupier:
 - (a) do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another lot or any person lawfully using common property, and
 - (b) without limiting paragraph (a), that invitees comply with clause (1).

8 Children playing on common property

- (1) Any child for whom an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible may play on any area of the common property that is designated by the owners corporation for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not permit any child for whom the owner or occupier is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or remain on common property that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

9 Smoke penetration

Select option A or B. If no option is selected, option A will apply.

Option A

- (1) An owner or occupier, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

Option B

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot, and any invitee of the owner or occupier, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common property, except:
 - (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the owners corporation, or
 - (b) with the written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) A person who is permitted under this by-law to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common property must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other lot.
- (3) An owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the owner or occupier, or any invitee of the owner or occupier, on the lot does not penetrate to the common property or any other lot.

10 Preservation of fire safety

The owner or occupier of a lot must not do any thing or permit any invitees of the owner or occupier to do any thing on the lot or common property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the lots or common property.

11 Storage of inflammable liquids and other substances and materials

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation, use or store on the lot or on the common property any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

12 Appearance of lot

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must not, without the prior written approval of the owners corporation, maintain within the lot anything visible from outside the lot that, viewed from outside the lot, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (2) This by-law does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with by-law 14.

13 Cleaning windows and doors

(1) Except in the circumstances referred to in clause (2), an owner or occupier of a lot is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the lot, including so much as is common property.

(2) The owners corporation is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the owner or occupier of the lot safely or at all.

14 Hanging out of washing

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang any washing on any lines provided by the owners corporation for that purpose. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot may hang washing on any part of the lot other than over the balcony railings. The washing may only be hung for a reasonable period.
- (3) In this by-law:

"washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

15 Disposal of waste—bins for individual lots [applicable where individual lots have bins]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) An owner or occupier of a lot must maintain bins for waste within the lot, or on any part of the common property that is authorised by the owners corporation, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered.
- (5) An owner or occupier of a lot must not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other lot except with the permission of that owner or occupier.
- (6) An owner or occupier of a lot must place the bins within an area designated for collection by the owners corporation not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the lot or other area authorised for the bins.
- (7) An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.
- (8) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (9) In this by-law:
- "bin" includes any receptacle for waste.
- "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

16 Disposal of waste—shared bins [applicable where bins are shared by lots]

- (1) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit or throw on the common property any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the owners corporation.
- (2) An owner or occupier of a lot must not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy).
- (3) An owner or occupier must:
 - (a) comply with all reasonable directions given by the owners corporation as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common property, and
 - (b) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (4) The owners corporation may give directions for the purposes of this by-law by posting signs on the common property with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to owners or occupiers of lots.
- (5) In this by-law:
- "bin" includes any receptacle for waste.
- "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

17 Change in use or occupation of lot to be notified

- (1) An occupier of a lot must notify the owners corporation if the occupier changes the existing use of the lot.
- (2) Without limiting clause (1), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - (a) a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the strata scheme (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out on the lot, or results in the lot being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes),
 - (b) a change to the use of a lot for short-term or holiday letting.
- (3) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

18 Compliance with planning and other requirements

- (1) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law.
- (2) The owner or occupier of a lot must ensure that the lot is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the lot.

Schedule 4 Fees

(Clause 64)		
Item	Type of fee	Fee

Fee payable to Secretary

Lodgment of building \$1,500 bond

Fees payable to owners corporation

For making records savailable for inspection under section 182 of the Act savailable for inspection under section 182 of the savailable for inspection savailable for inspecti

For giving a certificate under section 184 of the Act:

(a) if the request is an initial request or request made more than 3 months after a previous request by the same person in respect of the same lot

\$109 and an additional \$54 for a further certificate for a lot comprising a garage, parking space or storeroom that services the lot the subject of the first certificate

(b) if the request is made not more than 3 months after a previous request by the same person in respect of the same lot \$94 and an additional \$47 for a further certificate for a lot comprising a garage, parking space or storeroom that services the lot the subject of the first certificate

Schedule 5 Penalty notice offences

(Clause 65)

2

3

Column 1 Column 2

Provision Penalty

Offences under the Act

Section 57 (2)	\$550 (in the case of an individual) or \$1,100 (in the case of a corporation)
Section 60 (1)	\$550 (in the case of an individual) or \$1,100 (in the case of a corporation)
Section 60 (2)	\$550 (in the case of an individual) or \$1,100 (in the case of a corporation)
Section 62 (1)	\$550 (in the case of an individual) or \$1,100 (in the case of a corporation)
Section 123 (2)	\$1,100
Section 160 (1)	\$220
Section 160 (2)	\$220
Section 249 (4)	\$220
Section 258	\$110 (in the case of an individual) or \$220 (in the case of a corporation)

Historical notes

The following abbreviations are used in the Historical notes:

Am	amended	LW	legislation website	Sch	Schedule
Cl	clause	No	number	Schs	Schedules
Cll	clauses	p	page	Sec	section
Div	Division	pp	pages	Secs	sections
Divs	Divisions	Reg	Regulation	Subdiv	Subdivision
GG	Government Gazette	Regs	Regulations	Subdivs	Subdivision s
Ins	inserted	Rep	repealed	Subst	substituted

Table of amending instruments *Strata Schemes Management Regulation 2016 (501)*. LW 12.8.2016. Date of commencement, Part 8 excepted, 30.11.2016, cl 2 (1); date of commencement of Part 8, 1.1.2018, cl 2 (2). This Regulation has been amended as follows:

2017 No 25 Electronic

Transactions
Legislation
Amendment
(Government
Transactions) Act
2017. Assented to
27.6.2017. Date of
commencement,
assent, sec 2.

No 69 Building Products

(Safety) Act 2017.

Assented to

30.11.2017. Date of commencement of

Sch 2.9,

18.12.2017, sec 2 (1) and 2017 (715) LW 15.12.2017.

Table of amendments

Cl 2 Am 2017 No 25, Sch 6 [2].

Sch 1 Am 2017 No 69, Sch 2.9.

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B, OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Lengths are in metres

(Sheet 1 of 2 Sheet)

Plan:

Subdivision of Lot 10 in Deposited Plan numbered 13588 covered by

Council Clerk's Certificate No. 96/167

of 26-11-96

 \mathcal{A}

54146

PART 1.

Full name and address of Proprietors of the land.

Paxrin Pty. Limited PO Box 2189

GATESHEAD DELIVERY CENTRE 2290

1. Identity of Easement firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan.

Restriction as to user.

Lot burdened 1,2,3 & 4

Schedule of Lots, etc. affected.

Lot benefited

Lake Macquarie City Council

PART 2.

1. Terms of Restriction as to user firstly referred to in abovementioned plan.

No use shall be made of the land except for the purpose of housing for aged persons as defined at 25th July 1984 by State Environmental Planning Policy No.5 - Housing for Aged or Disabled Persons.

PART 3.

1. Name of person or corporation empowered to release, vary or modify easements firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan.

Lake Macquarie City Council.

Sille Syrdah.

INSTRUMENT SETTING OUT TERMS OF EASEMENTS INTENDED TO BE CREATED PURSUANT TO SECTION 88B. OF THE CONVEYANCING ACT, 1919

Lengths are in metres

(Sheet 2 of 2 Sheet)

Plan: SP54146

Subdivision of Lot 10 in Deposited Plan numbered 13588 covered by Council Clerk's Certificate No. 96/167

Common

PAXRIN

.C.N. 002 342 494

26-11-96

THE COMMON SEAL of PAXRIN PTY, LIMITED was hereto affixed under the authority of the Board of Directors in the presence of:

Secretary

Director

Director,

Signed in my presence on behalf PHEN ERR is personally known to me

richols

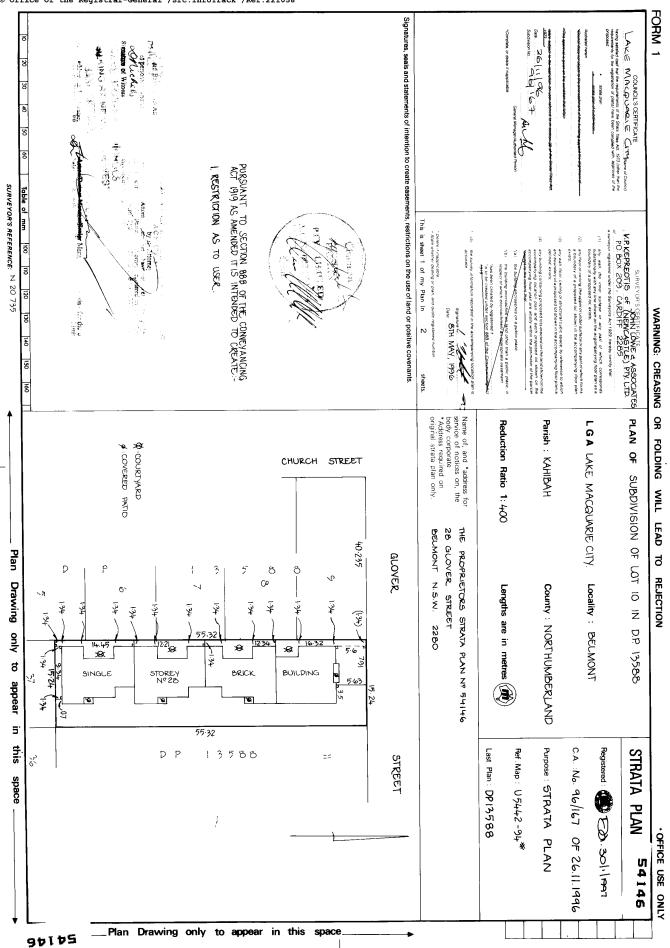
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED (A.C.N. 005/357 522) by its Attorney and, I, the said Attorney state that I have not received any notice of the reportation of the Power of Attorney registered in the Office of the Registrar General Sydney as No. 878 Book 4001 under which this document is executed.

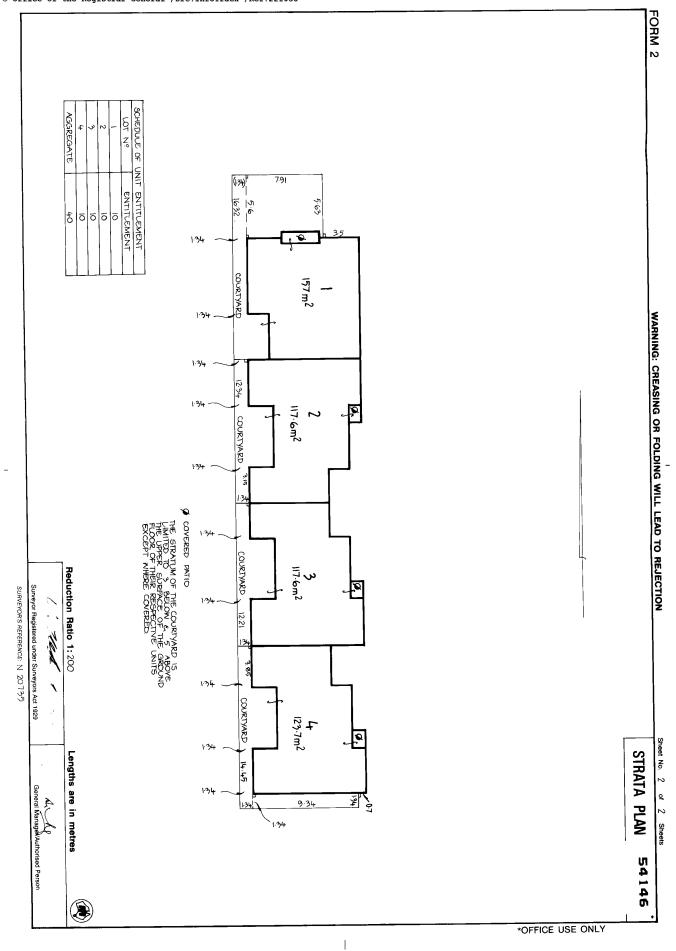
INE MARGARET NICHOLS 490 KING ST. NEWCASTLE WEST

BANK OFFICER Name, address and occupation of Witness (BLOCK LETTERS)

Acting District Manager/Senier Manager Retail Banking for the time being of Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited

REGISTERED (30) 30/1997







9 December 2022

INFOTRACK PTY LTD PO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 Our Ref:156108 Your Ref: 221058:156809 ABN 81 065 027 868

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Fee Paid:

53.00

Receipt No:

12491182

Receipt Date:

8 December 2022

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address:

1/28 Glover Street, BELMONT NSW 2280

Lot Details:

Lot 1 SP 54146

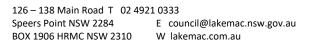
Parish:

Kahibah

County:

Northumberland

For: MORVEN CAMERON
GENERAL MANAGER



ADVICE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2)

1 Names of Relevant Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Koala habitat protection 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 6 Bushland in urban areas

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 7 Canal estate development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Advertising and signage

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State and regional development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Concurrences and consents

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Eastern Harbour City) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Regional) 2021

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 -

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Primary production and rural development

LMCC Page 2 of 29

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Hazardous and offensive development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Infrastructure

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Educational establishments and child care facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014 (Amendment No. RZ/9/2021)

Lake Macquarie Draft Development Control Plan 2014

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if
 - (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- (4) In this section, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a Draft environmental planning instrument.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

(1) The following answers (a) to (f) relate to the instrument (see 1(1) above).

(a)

(i) The identity of the zone applying to the land.

R3 Medium Density Residential

under Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

LMCC Page 3 of 29

(ii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

Exempt development as provided in Schedule 2; Home occupations

(iii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Kiosks; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Registered clubs; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Sewage reticulation systems; Sewage treatment plants; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems

(iv) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Any other development not specified in item (ii) or (iii)

NOTE:

The advice in sections (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Lake Macquarie LEP 2014 includes additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

NOTE:

On 26 April 2023, Business and Industrial zones will be replaced by Employment zones within standard instrument local environmental plans. The Department of Planning and Environment exhibited in May 2022 details of how each Local Environmental Plan that includes a Business or Industrial zone will be amended to include Employment zones. The exhibition detail can be viewed on the Planning Portal.

(b) Whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No

(c) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

LMCC Page 4 of 29

(e) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage items.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape items.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 Environmental Heritage

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 – South Wallarah Peninsula.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Heritage Map

The land is not identified as a Village Precinct on the Heritage Map.

NOTE:

An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed within the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may affect the land. Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. If Aboriginal objects are found during development, works are to stop and the Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) contacted immediately. For further information and to access the AHIMS registrar, refer to http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au

- (2) The following answers relate to the Draft Instrument (see 1(2) above).
- (a) Nil

LMCC Page 5 of 29

NOTE:

The advice in section (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Draft instrument may include additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

(b) Whether draft additional permitted uses apply to the land

No

(c) Whether any draft development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in a draft area of outstanding biodiversity value under the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a draft conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether a draft item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

No

3 Contributions Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan applying to the land, including draft contributions plan,

Lake Macquarie City Council Development Contributions Plan - Belmont Contributions Catchment - 2017

The Lake Macquarie City Council Section 7.12 Contributions Plan - Citywide 2019

(2) The name of the area, if the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Nil

LMCC Page 6 of 29

4 Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), and 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Housing Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Subdivisions Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Rural Housing Code

LMCC Page 7 of 29

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Greenfield Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

General Development Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Demolition Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Fire Safety Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

5 Exempt development

The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the codes for exempt development because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

LMCC Page 8 of 29

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, Exempt development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on the lot.

6 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) (a) Whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No, Council **has not** been notified that an affected building notice is in force in respect of this land.

(b) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

A building rectification order **is not** in force in respect of this land.

(c) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

A notice of intention to make a building product rectification order **has not** been given in respect of this land.

(2) In this section -

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

7 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

LMCC Page 9 of 29

8 Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by any road widening or realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument.

No

(c) any resolution of the Council.

No, other road widening proposals may affect this land and if so, will be noted on the Section 10.7 Subsection (5) certificate.

9 Flood related development controls information

- If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.
 No
- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls.
- (3) In this section -

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) Whether or not the land is affected by a **POLICY** that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:
 - (a) land slip or subsidence

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by Council's geotechnical areas map. The map is available for

LMCC Page 10 of 29

viewing at the Council. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(b) bushfire

No

(c) tidal inundation

Nο

(d) acid sulfate soils

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by the Acid Sulfate Soils Map. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(e) contaminated or potentially contaminated land

Yes

Council has adopted a policy that may restrict the development of Contaminated or Potentially Contaminated land. This policy is implemented when zoning, development, or land use changes are proposed. Council does not hold sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Council's adopted Policy located in the applicable DCP noted in Clause 1(3) above, and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is recommended.

(f) aircraft noise

No

(g) salinity

No

(h) any other risk (other than flooding).

No

(2) In this section —

adopted policy means a policy adopted —

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

NOTE:

The absence of a council policy restricting development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

LMCC Page 11 of 29

11 Bush Fire Prone Land

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, **NONE** of that lot is bush fire prone land.

12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division

No. Council **has not** been notified that a residential premises erected on this land has been identified in the NSW Fair Trading Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

The land IS WITHIN a declared Mine Subsidence District under section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017. Development in a Mine Subsidence District requires approval from Subsidence Advisory NSW. Subsidence Advisory NSW provides compensation to property owners for mine subsidence damage. To be eligible for compensation, development must be constructed in accordance with Subsidence Advisory NSW approval. Subsidence Advisory NSW has set surface development guidelines for properties in Mine Subsidence Districts that specify building requirements to help prevent potential damage from coal mine subsidence.

NOTE:

The advice in section 13 above relates only to a Mine Subsidence District. Further information relating to underground mining which may occur outside Mine Subsidence Districts should be sought. Underground mining information can be found on the Subsidence Advisory NSW website.

14 Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

LMCC Page 12 of 29

15 Property Vegetation Plans

The land IS NOT subject to a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

17 Biodiversity Certified Land

This land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land IS NOT subject to an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19 Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of *the Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Nil

NOTE:

"Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

LMCC Page 13 of 29

20 Conditions for seniors housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 88(2) that have been imposed as a condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land.

Nil

21 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

(2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Nil

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Council is not aware of any conditions of a development consent referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

NOTE:

The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

Matters arising under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (s59 (2))

(a) The land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act - if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is

LMCC Page 14 of 29

issued,
No

(c) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act - if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act - if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No

ATTACHMENT:

Complimentary Certificate for the Real Property Lot

LMCC Page 15 of 29

9 December 2022

INFOTRACK PTY LTD PO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 Our Ref:156107 Your Ref: 221058:156809 ABN 81 065 027 868

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Fee Paid: 53.00

Receipt No:

Receipt Date: 8 December 2022

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address: 28 Glover Street, BELMONT NSW 2280

Lot Details: Lot 10 DP 13588

Parish: Kahibah

County: Northumberland

For: MORVEN CAMERON
GENERAL MANAGER

LMCC Page 16 of 29

ADVICE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2)

1 Names of Relevant Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Koala habitat protection 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 6 Bushland in urban areas

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -

Chapter 7 Canal estate development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004

State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008

State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021

State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 -

Chapter 3 Advertising and signage

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State and regional development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Concurrences and consents

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Eastern Harbour City) 2021 –

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Regional) 2021

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 -

Chapter 2 State significant precincts

State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Primary production and rural development

LMCC Page 17 of 29

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Hazardous and offensive development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 –

Chapter 4 Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021 –

Chapter 2 Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Infrastructure

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Educational establishments and child care facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014 (Amendment No. RZ/9/2021)

Lake Macquarie Draft Development Control Plan 2014

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if
 - (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- (4) In this section, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a Draft environmental planning instrument.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

(1) The following answers (a) to (f) relate to the instrument (see 1(1) above).

(a)

- (i) The identity of the zone applying to the land.
 - R3 Medium Density Residential

under Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

(ii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

LMCC Page 18 of 29

Exempt development as provided in Schedule 2; Home occupations

(iii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Attached dwellings; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Boarding houses; Boat sheds; Building identification signs; Business identification signs; Centre-based child care facilities; Community facilities; Dwelling houses; Emergency services facilities; Environmental facilities; Environmental protection works; Exhibition homes; Flood mitigation works; Group homes; Home-based child care; Home businesses; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Kiosks; Multi dwelling housing; Neighbourhood shops; Oyster aquaculture; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Registered clubs; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Roads; Secondary dwellings; Seniors housing; Sewage reticulation systems; Sewage treatment plants; Shop top housing; Tank-based aquaculture; Water recreation structures; Water recycling facilities; Water supply systems

(iv) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Any other development not specified in item (ii) or (iii)

NOTE:

The advice in sections (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Lake Macquarie LEP 2014 includes additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

NOTE:

On 26 April 2023, Business and Industrial zones will be replaced by Employment zones within standard instrument local environmental plans. The Department of Planning and Environment exhibited in May 2022 details of how each Local Environmental Plan that includes a Business or Industrial zone will be amended to include Employment zones. The exhibition detail can be viewed on the Planning Portal.

(b) Whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No

(c) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

LMCC Page 19 of 29

(f) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage items.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape items.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 Environmental Heritage

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 – South Wallarah Peninsula.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Heritage Map

The land is not identified as a Village Precinct on the Heritage Map.

NOTE:

An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed within the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may affect the land. Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. If Aboriginal objects are found during development, works are to stop and the Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) contacted immediately. For further information and to access the AHIMS registrar, refer to http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au

- (2) The following answers relate to the Draft Instrument (see 1(2) above).
- (a) Nil

NOTE:

The advice in section (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Draft instrument may include additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.

(b) Whether draft additional permitted uses apply to the land

No

LMCC Page 20 of 29

(c) Whether any draft development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in a draft area of outstanding biodiversity value under *the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*.

No

(e) Whether the land is in a draft conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether a draft item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

No

3 Contributions Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan applying to the land, including draft contributions plan.

Lake Macquarie City Council Development Contributions Plan - Belmont Contributions Catchment - 2017

The Lake Macquarie City Council Section 7.12 Contributions Plan – Citywide 2019

(2) The name of the area, if the land is in a special contributions area under the Act,

4 Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), and 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this

LMCC Page 21 of 29

Code MAY be carried out on any part of that lot.

Housing Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Subdivisions Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Rural Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Greenfield Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

General Development Code

LMCC Page 22 of 29

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Demolition Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Fire Safety Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

5 Exempt development

The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the codes for exempt development because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A of State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, Exempt development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on the lot.

6 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

- (1) (a) Whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.
 - No, Council **has not** been notified that an affected building notice is in force in respect of this land.
 - (b) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with, and

LMCC Page 23 of 29

A building rectification order **is not** in force in respect of this land.

(c) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

A notice of intention to make a building product rectification order **has not** been given in respect of this land.

(2) In this section -

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

7 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

8 Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by any road widening or realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the Roads Act 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument.

No

(c) any resolution of the Council.

No, other road widening proposals may affect this land and if so, will be noted on the Section 10.7 Subsection (5) certificate.

9 Flood related development controls information

- If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls.
 No
- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls. No

LMCC Page 24 of 29

(3) In this section -

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) Whether or not the land is affected by a **POLICY** that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:
 - (a) land slip or subsidence

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by Council's geotechnical areas map. The map is available for viewing at the Council. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(b) bushfire

No

(c) tidal inundation

No

(d) acid sulfate soils

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by the Acid Sulfate Soils Map. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(e) contaminated or potentially contaminated land

Yes

Council has adopted a policy that may restrict the development of Contaminated or Potentially Contaminated land. This policy is implemented when zoning, development, or land use changes are proposed. Council does not hold sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Council's adopted Policy located in the applicable DCP noted in Clause 1(3) above, and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is recommended.

(f) aircraft noise

LMCC Page 25 of 29

No

(g) salinity

No

(h) any other risk (other than flooding).

No

(2) In this section —

adopted policy means a policy adopted —

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

NOTE:

The absence of a council policy restricting development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

11 Bush Fire Prone Land

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, **NONE** of that lot is bush fire prone land.

12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division

No. Council **has not** been notified that a residential premises erected on this land has been identified in the NSW Fair Trading Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

The land IS WITHIN a declared Mine Subsidence District under section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017. Development in a Mine Subsidence District requires approval from Subsidence Advisory NSW. Subsidence Advisory NSW provides compensation to property owners for mine subsidence damage. To be eligible for compensation, development must be constructed in accordance with Subsidence Advisory NSW approval. Subsidence Advisory NSW has set surface development guidelines for properties in Mine Subsidence Districts that specify building requirements to help prevent potential damage from coal mine subsidence.

LMCC Page 26 of 29

NOTE:

The advice in section 13 above relates only to a Mine Subsidence District. Further information relating to underground mining which may occur outside Mine Subsidence Districts should be sought. Underground mining information can be found on the Subsidence Advisory NSW website.

14 Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15 Property Vegetation Plans

The land IS NOT subject to a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

17 Biodiversity Certified Land

This land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land IS NOT subject to an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19 Annual charges under *Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of *the Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the

LMCC Page 27 of 29

meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Nil

NOTE:

"Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

20 Conditions for seniors housing

If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 88(2) that have been imposed as a condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land.

Nil

21 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

(2) If State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Nil

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Council is not aware of any conditions of a development consent referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.

NOTE:

The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

LMCC Page 28 of 29

Matters arising under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (s59 (2))

(a) The land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act - if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act - if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act - if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No

LMCC Page 29 of 29



HUNTER WATER CORPORATION

A.B.N. 46 228 513 446

SERVICE LOCATION PLAN

Enquiries: 1300 657 657
APPLICANT'S DETAILS



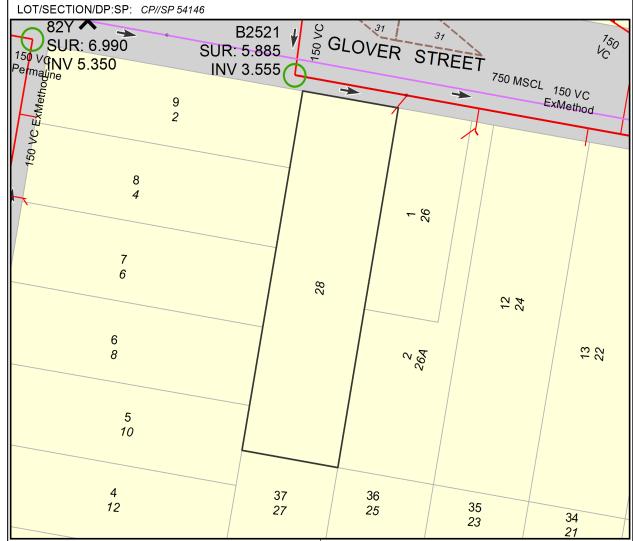
InfoTrack
28 GLOVER
BELMONT NSW

APPLICATION NO.: 1891989

APPLICANT REF: M 221058

RATEABLE PREMISE NO.: 5326300235

PROPERTY ADDRESS: 28 GLOVER ST BELMONT 2280



SEWER POSITION APPROXIMATE ONLY. SUBJECT PROPERTY BOLDED. ALL MEASUREMENTS ARE METRIC.

IF A SEWERMAIN IS LAID WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE LOT, SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE SEWERMAIN APPLY IF DEVELOPMENT IS UNDERTAKEN. IN THESE CASES, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT YOU SEEK ADVICE ON THE SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PURCHASE. PHONE 1300 657 657, FOR MORE INFORMATION.

IMPORTANT:

IF THIS PLAN INDICATES A SEWER CONNECTION IS AVAILABLE OR PROPOSED FOR THE SUBJECT PROPERTY, IT IS THE INTENDING OWNERS RESPONSIBILITY TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT IS PRACTICABLE TO DISCHARGE WASTEWATER FROM ALL PARTS OF THE PROPERTY TO THAT CONNECTION

ANY INFORMATION ON THIS PLAN MAY NOT BE UP TO DATE AND THE CORPORATION ACCEPTS NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ITS ACCURACY.

Date: 8/12/2022

Scale at A4: 1:500

CADASTRAL DATA © LPI OF NSW
CONTOUR DATA © AAMHatch
© Department of Planning

SEWER/WATER/RECYCLED WATER UTILITY DATA
© HUNTER WATER CORPORATION